



Polish coal tar resource base for the production of coal tar pitch for the electrode industry

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Scope of presentation

1. Introduction
2. Properties of coal tar produced in Polish coking plant
3. Basic properties of coal tar pitches for electrode industry
4. Advanced method of physicochemical characterisation of pitches
5. Summary and conclusions



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About high temperature coal tars

Tars are liquid or semisolid products obtain by thermal decomposition of natural organic material – coking coal.

Properties and composition of tars and pitches depend not only on the raw material but also on the temperature conditions during thermal treatments.

High temperature coal tars are generated by coking of coal in temperature range between 1000 - 1300°C and consist of stable aromatics.

Every year in Poland approximately 400 – 500 thousand ton coal tar is produced mainly in the form of high temperature tars as a by-product of foundry, blast-furnace and industrial – domestic coke production.



Industrial importance

ArcelorMittal Poland's Zdzieszowice Division is not only the biggest, but also one of the most modern coke plants in Europe. Production capacity of 4 new coke batteries introduced between 2003 and 2008 comes to 3 million tonnes of coke a year. The **Kraków Division** which was brought to life in 1954 now is a flagship steelworks plant of ArcelorMittal Poland.

Coke Plant Przyjaźń S.A. started production in 1987, when first coke was pushed from battery #1. The millionth tonne of coke was produced on 1988.



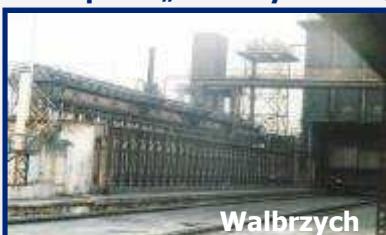
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Polish coking plants

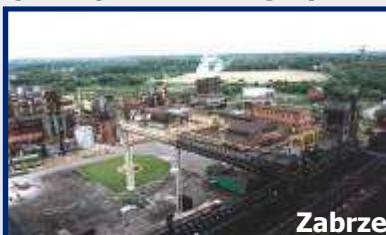
Coke plant Zdzieszowice
of ArcelorMittal Poland S.A.



Coke plant „Walbrzych”



Kombinat Koksochemiczny „Zabrze”
(Coke plant „Jadwiga”)



Kombinat Koksochemiczny „Zabrze”
(Coke plant „Radlin”)



Baltic Sea

Russia

Poznan

Warszawa



Wroclaw

Krakow

Czech Republic

Slovakia

Coke plant -
„Czestochowa Nowa”



Coke plant BO-CARBO



Coke plant „Przyjazn”

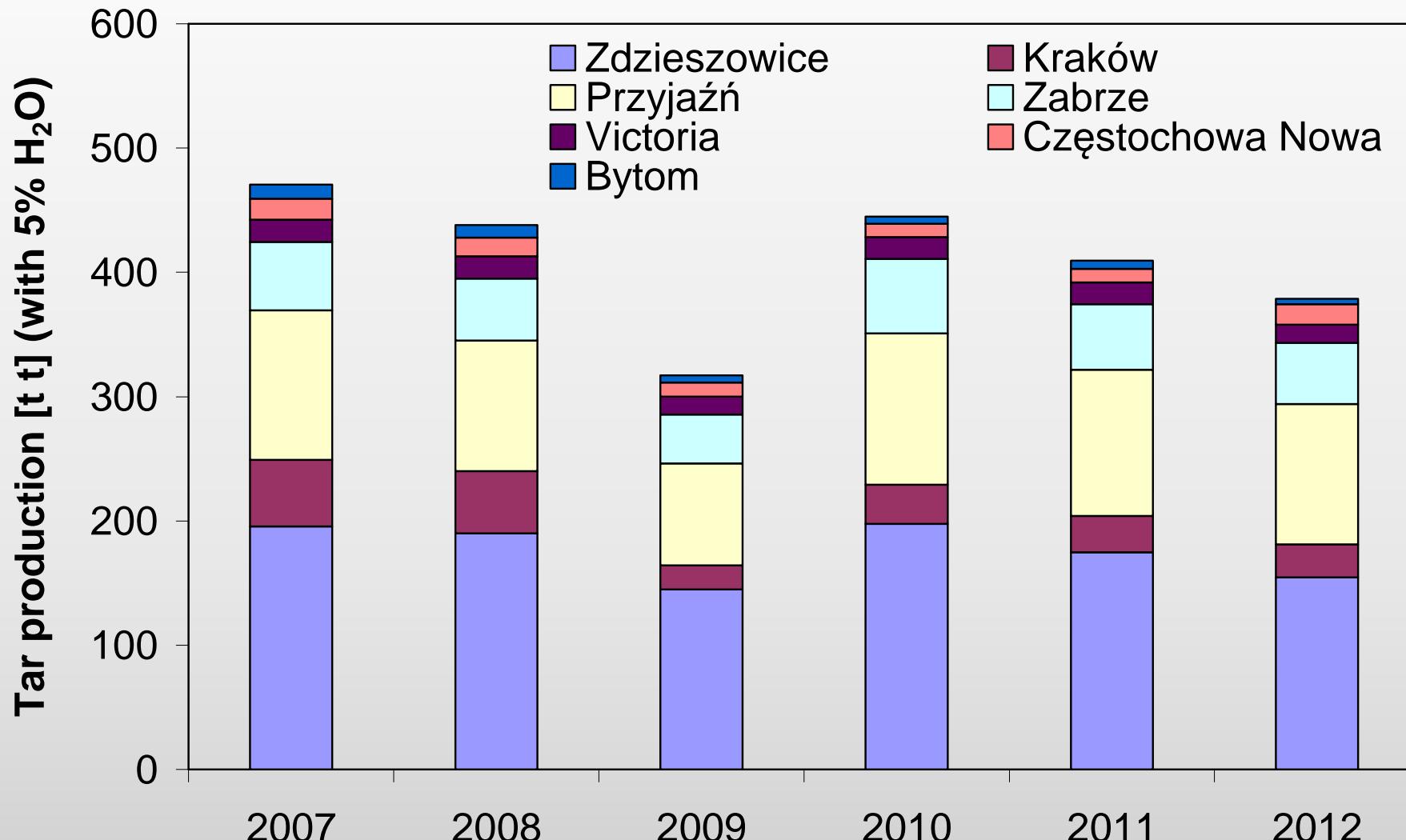


Coke plant in Kraków at
ArcelorMittal Poland S.A.



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The production of coal tar (2007 – 2012)

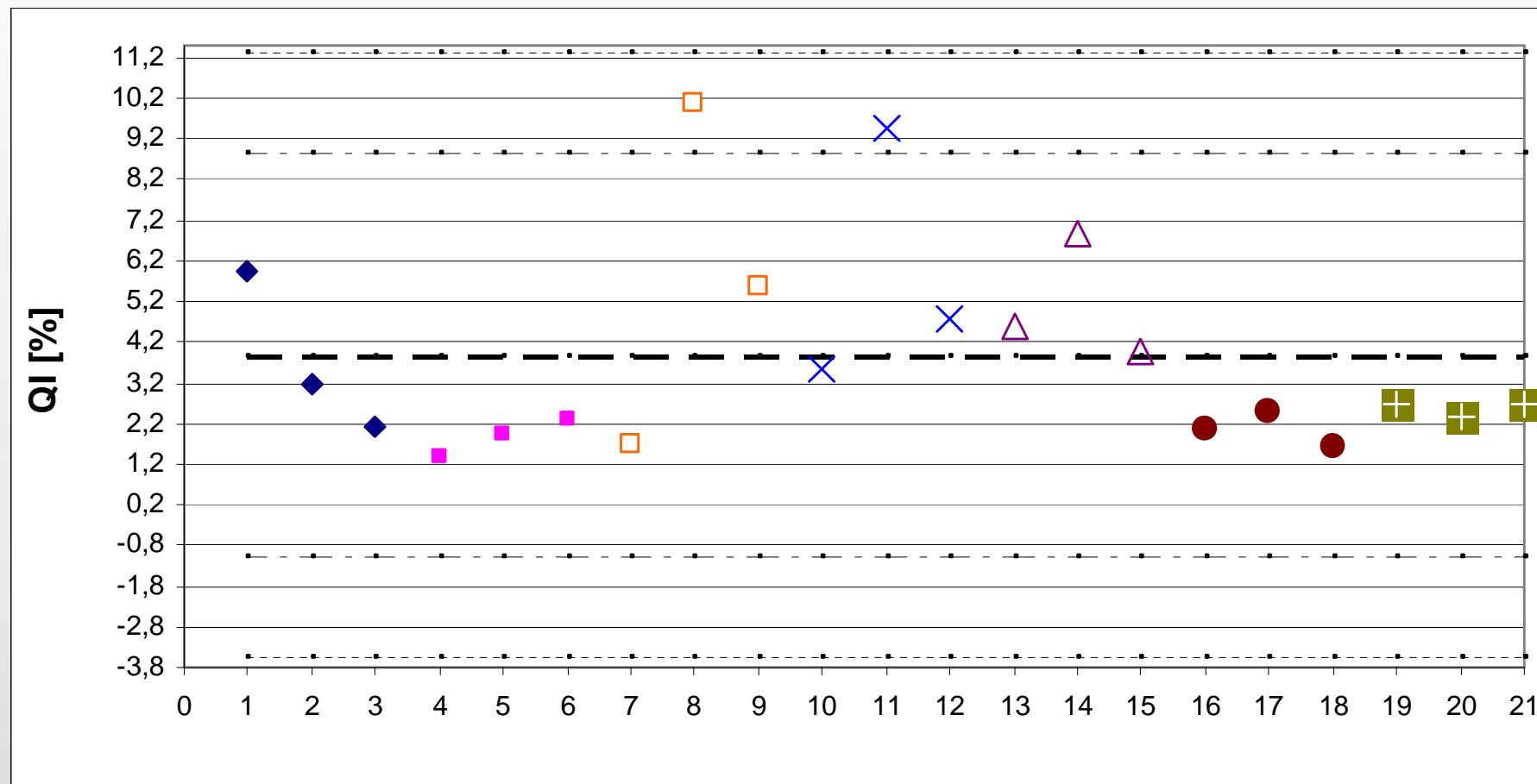


Properties of coal tar from Polish coke producers

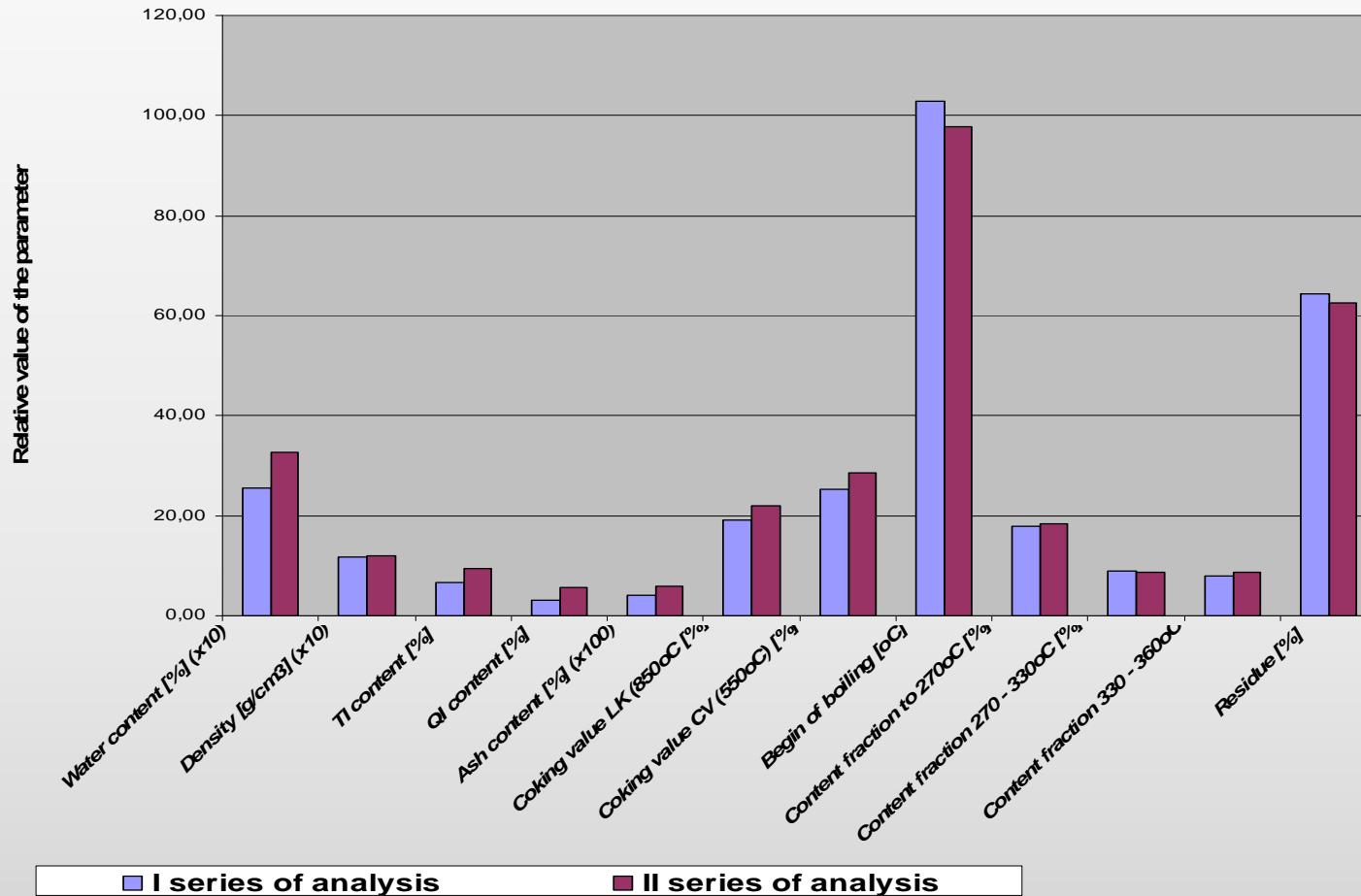
	Przyjaźń	Victoria	Częstochowa	Bytom	Jadwiga	Radlin	Debieńsko	Average
Water content [%]	3	1,3	3,9	2,4	1,4	2,4	2,8	2,6
Density [kg/m ³]	1,192	1,159	1,196	1,168	1,174	1,183	1,172	1,18
Toluene insoluble matter [%]	10,12	2,80	8,08	6,34	5,69	8,26	4,69	6,71
Quinoline insoluble matter [%]	5,92	1,37	1,70	3,56	2,68	4,59	2,08	3,13
Coking value [%] (ac. PN 88/C-97071)	22,36	14,74	21,24	18,69	18,78	20,80	18,02	19,25
Coking value [%] (ac. PN 03/C-97093)	28,91	20,30	27,76	24,35	24,73	26,66	23,83	25,28
Ash content [%]	0,05	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,03	0,04	0,04	0,04
Distillation								
begin of boiling	85	114	98	124	106	92	103	102,8
to 270°C [%]	15,3	15,8	21,3	17,4	17,7	17,4	20,1	17,9
270-330°C [%]	8,8	11,4	7,0	8,6	10,1	7,5	9,1	8,9
330-360°C [%]	7,7	9,4	7,2	7,9	7,7	7,4	7,8	7,9
Residue [%]	67,6	62,1	63,1	65,7	63,3	66,3	62,2	64,3
lose [%]	0,6	1,3	1,4	0,4	1,1	1,4	0,8	1,0



Distribution of QI content in coal tar, Shewhart charts

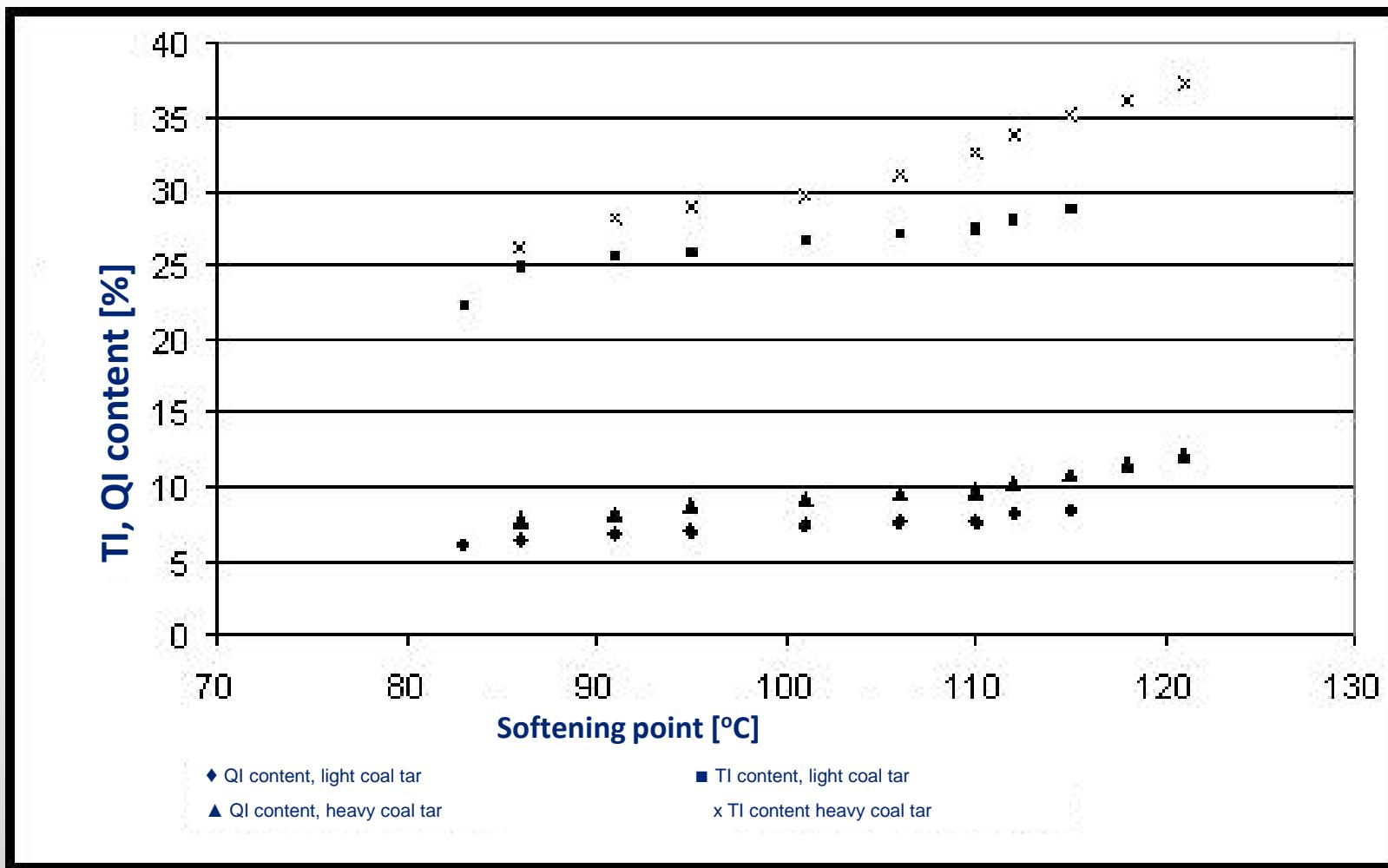


Changes of the parameter of coal tar obtained from the same Coke Plant in two series of analysis



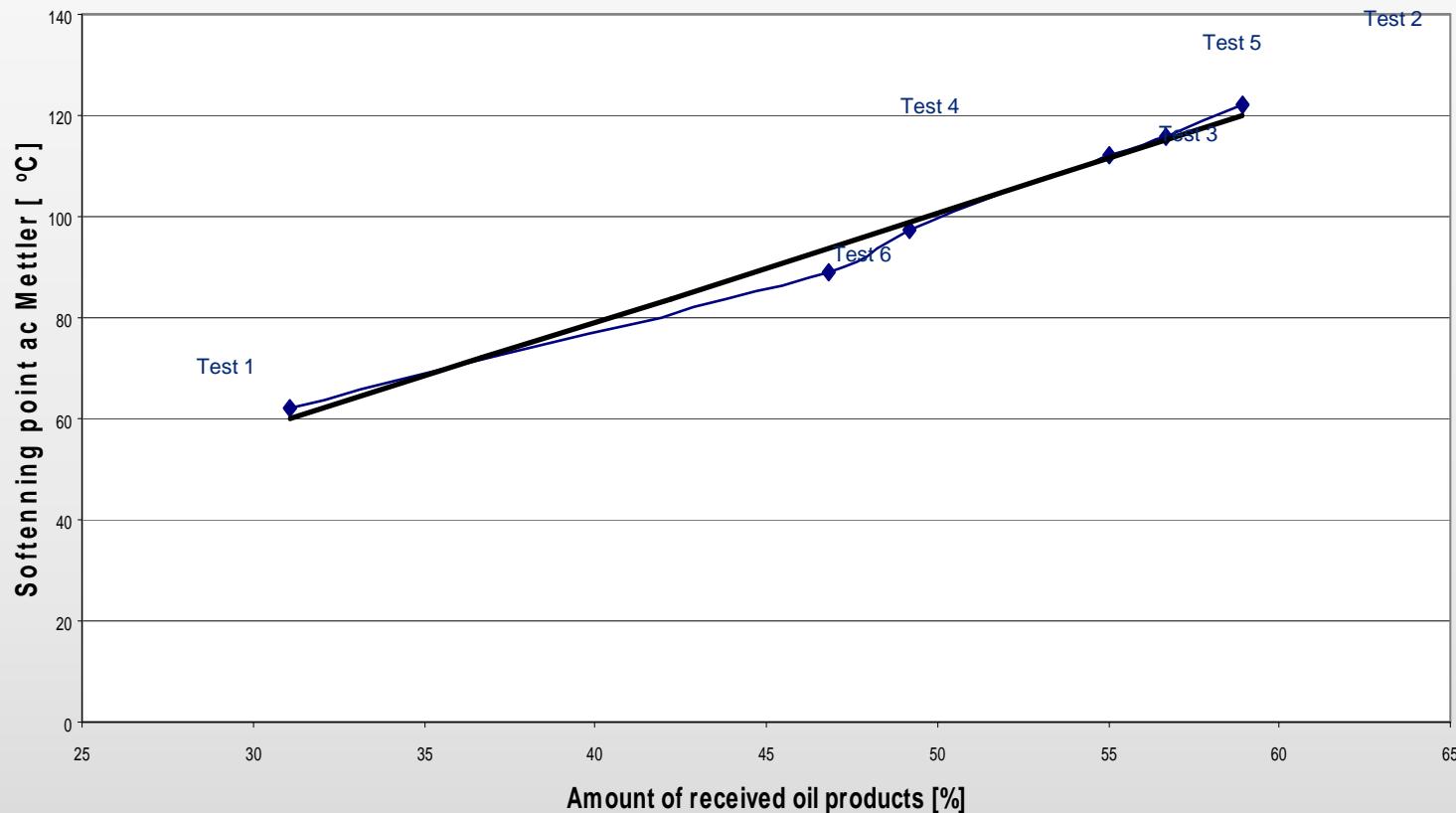
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Changes of the content QI and TI in coal tar pitches obtained from light and heavy coal tars vs softening point



Experimental dependence of coal tar pitch softening point vs amount of oil products received during vacuum distillation of coal tar

Range of pressure 10 – 50 kPa



Properties of coal tar pitches obtained from coal tar in the same industrial line

	Coal tar	Coal tar pitch, atmospheric distillation	Coal tar pitch, vacuum distillation	Granulated coal tar pitch
Softening point ac Mettler [°C]	-	45,2	89,7	113,9
Coking value [%] ac PN 88/C-97071	20,98	31,56	41,20	46,46
Coking value [%] ac PN 03/C-97093	28,49	40,72	50,22	56,08
QI content [%]	3,70	5,34	9,00	11,46
TI content [%]	8,05	18,11	29,66	33,86
Ash content [%]	0,05	0,10	0,12	0,13

Research capability of Institute

Institute for Chemical Processing of Coal have long – term experience in studies of coal tar and coal tar pitches.

Researches are carried out in:

- **Laboratory of Processing Gases and Liquid Derivatives, including accredited by PCA laboratory of analyses coal tar, oils and pitches**
- **Laboratory of Pyrolysis, including research stand for thermogravimetric studies connected with GC – MS and FT – IR**

Current analyses of coal tars from Polish coking plants are made in ICHPW.



Surface tension of coal tar pitches

The method of a lying drop

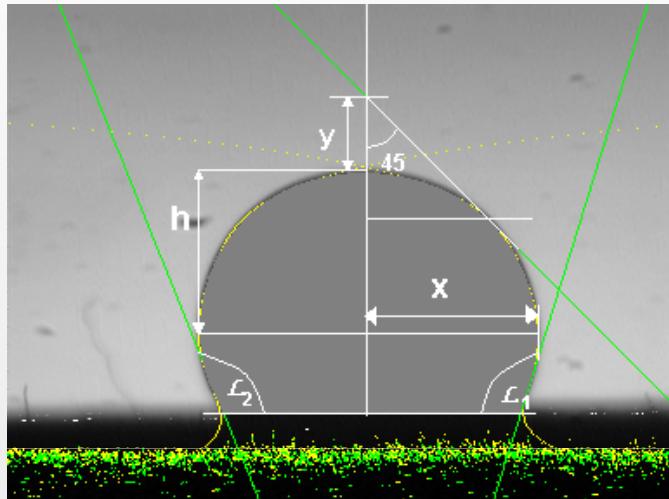


Photo records of the CCD camera with geometrical parameters

The big drop $d/2h < 1,66 , 2,18>$

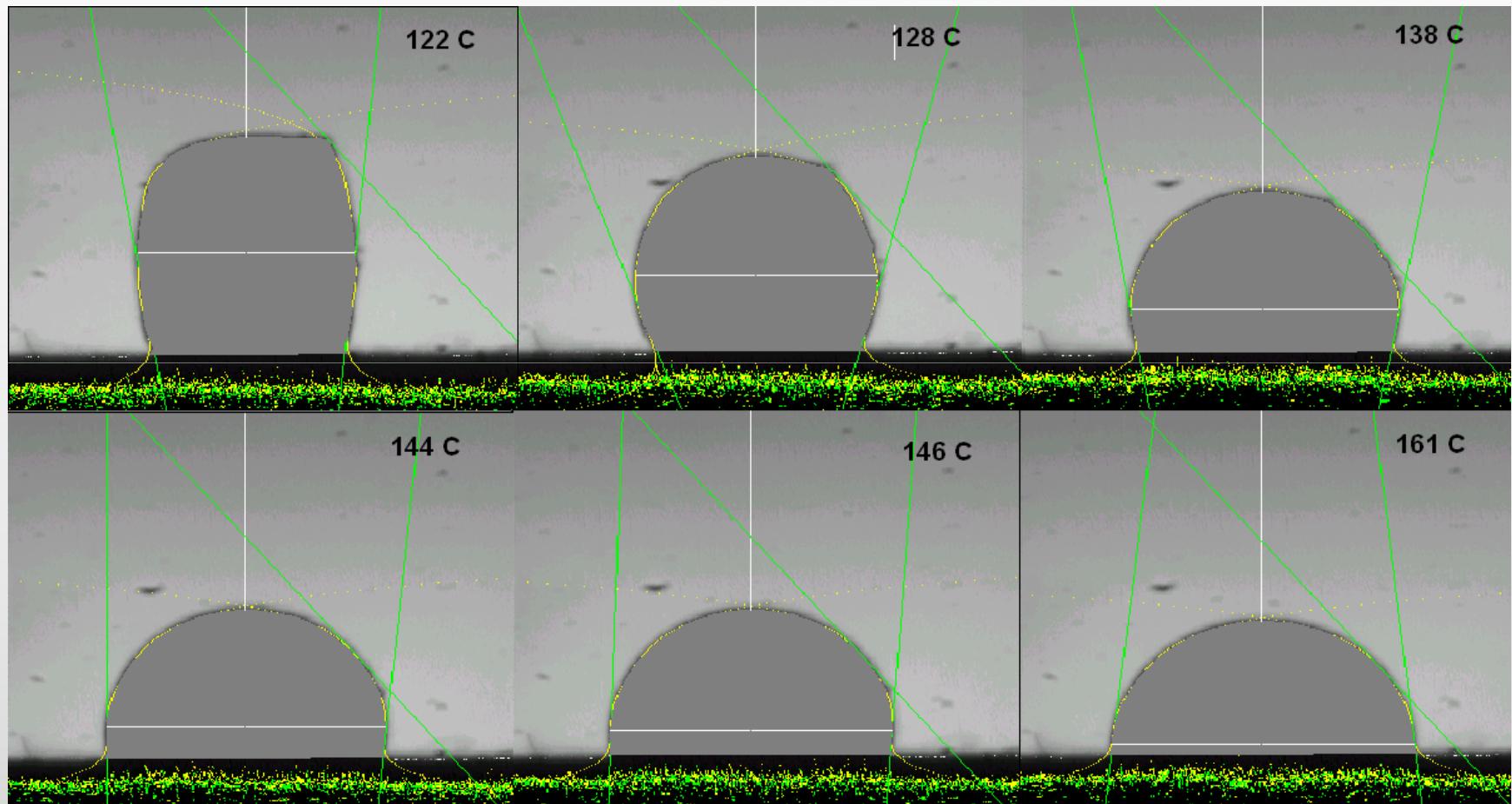
Porters equation

$$\sigma = g \Delta \rho \alpha^2 \quad \Delta \rho = \rho_{\text{pitch}} - \rho_{\text{gas}} = \rho_{\text{pitch}}, \quad \alpha = (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)/2$$

$$\frac{\alpha^2}{x^2} = \left(\frac{h}{x}\right)^2 - 0,66 \left(\frac{h}{x}\right)^3 \left[1 - 4,05 \left(\frac{h}{x}\right)^2 \right]$$



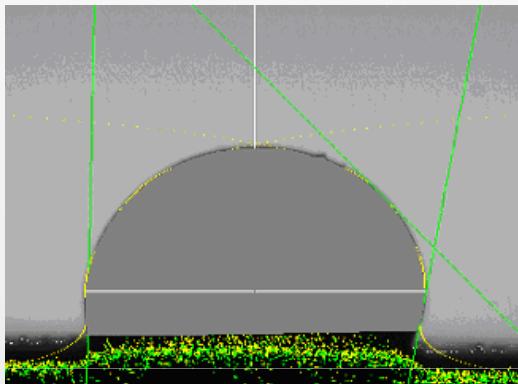
The stages of surface tension measurement hard coal tar pitch



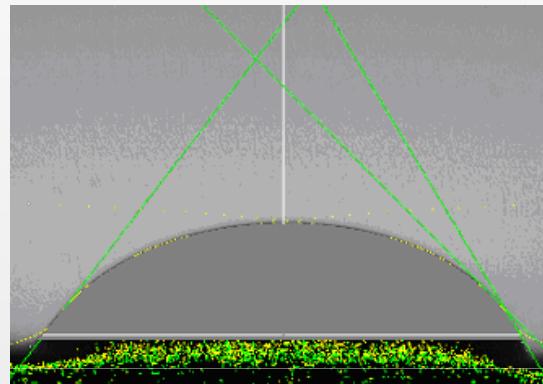
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The stages of wettability measurement

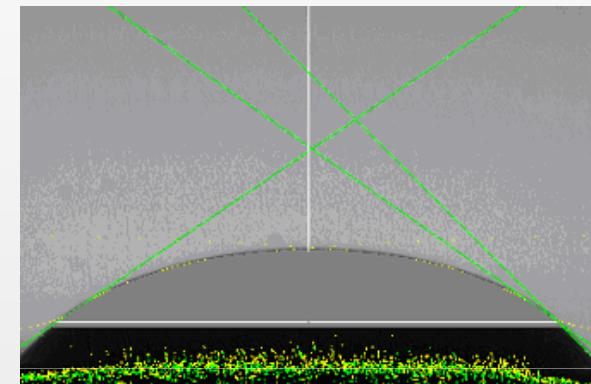
112°C
 $\alpha = 85^\circ$



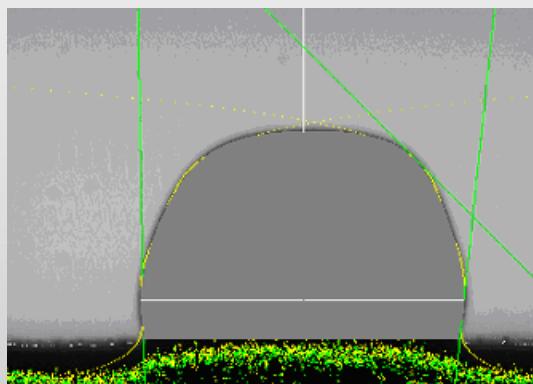
Vacuum coal tar pitch
126°C
 $\alpha = 35^\circ$



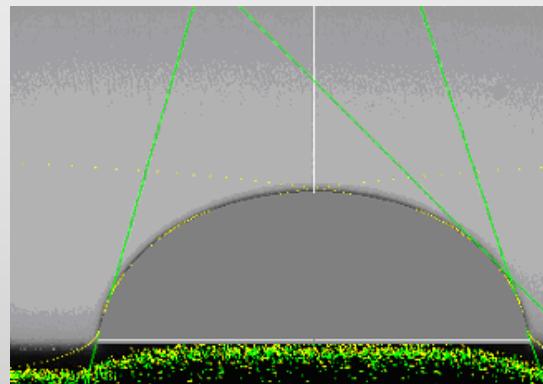
138°C
 $\alpha = 26^\circ$



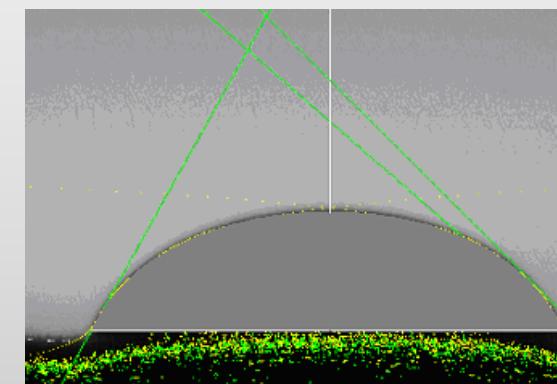
120°C
 $\alpha = 89^\circ$



Granulated coal tar pitch
132°C
 $\alpha = 49^\circ$

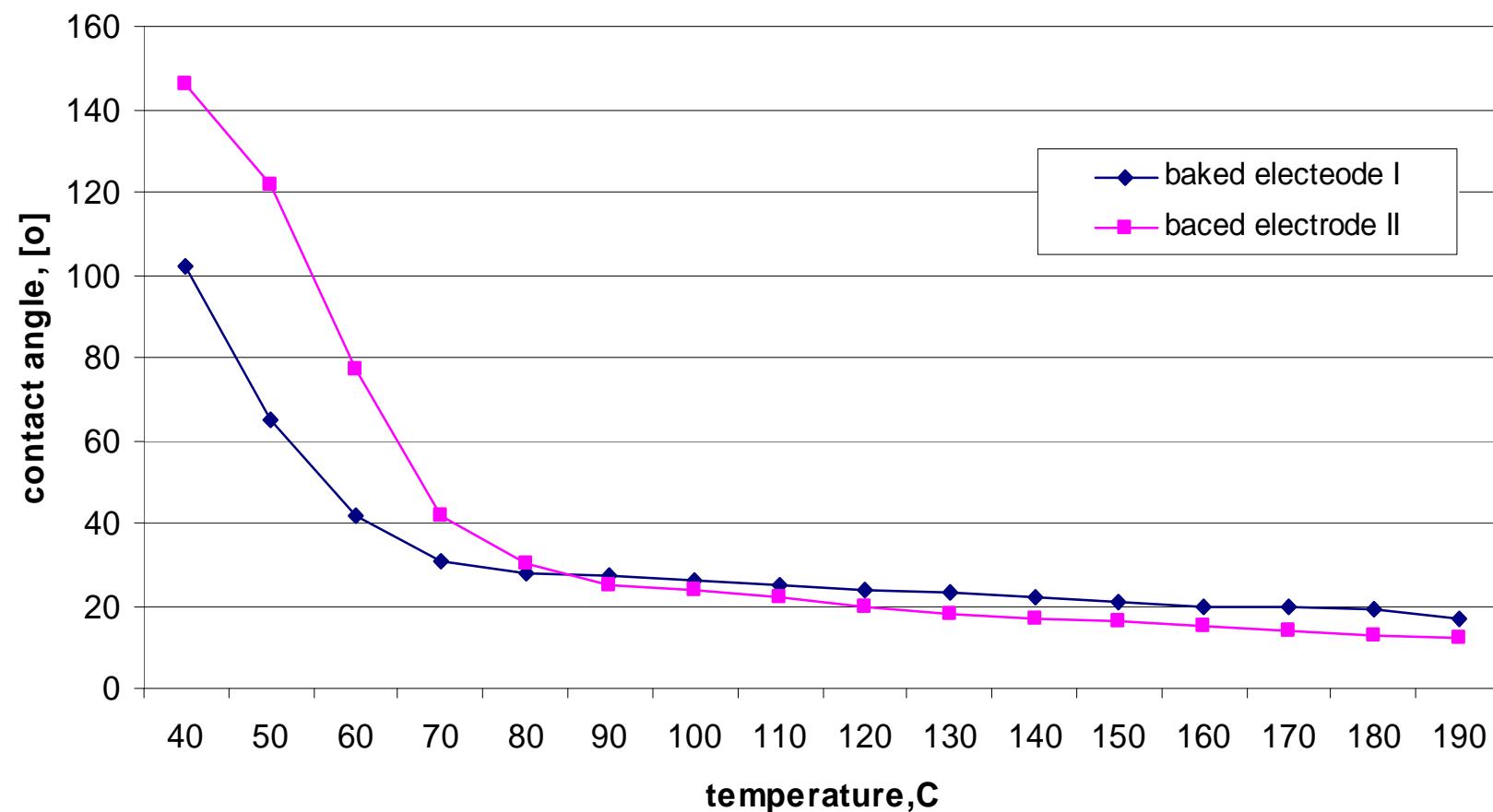


142°C
 $\alpha = 39^\circ$

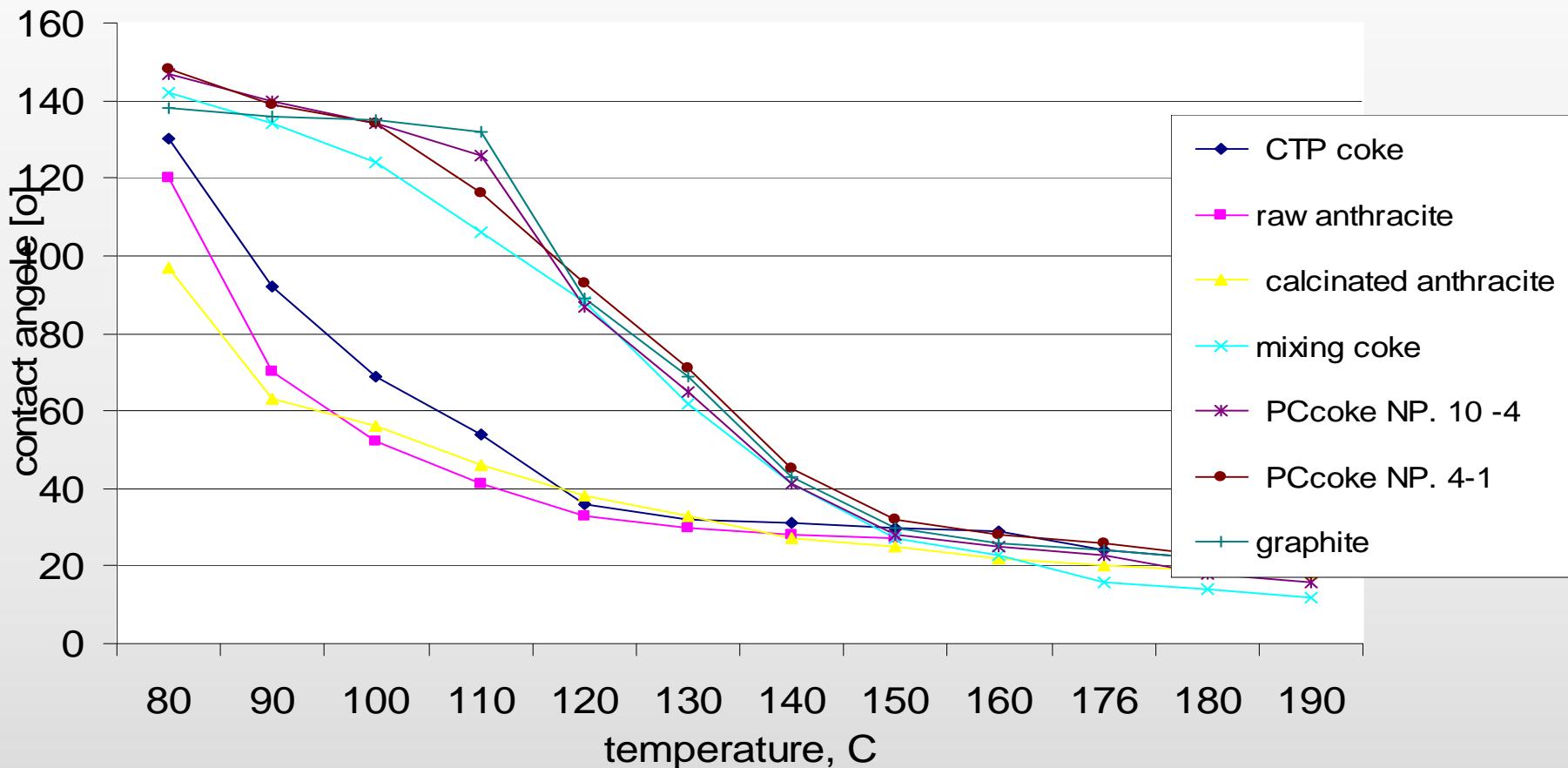


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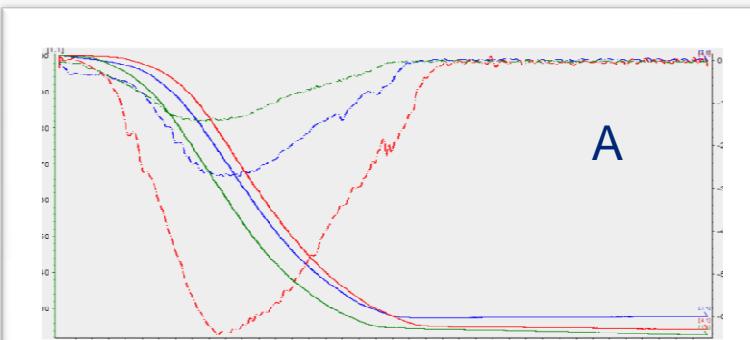
Wetting of different electrode surface by impregnation pitch



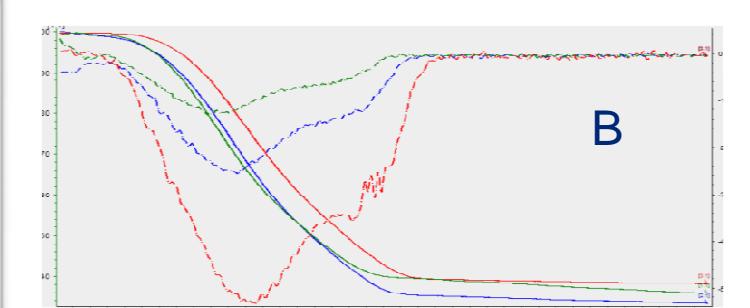
Relation between contact angle of coal tar binder as a function of temperature, determined on the different surfaces



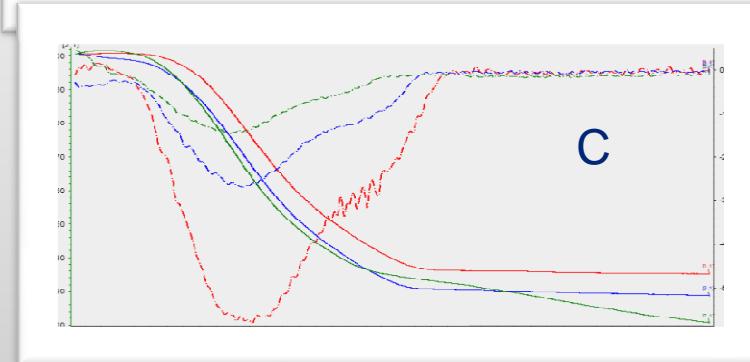
Exampled TG curves of coal tar pitches



A



B



C

TG and DTG profiles of the coal tar pitches:

(A) – atmospheric,

(B) – granulated,

(C) – vacuum.

Three heating rates:

green – 5K/min,

blue – 10K/min,

red – 24K/min.



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Summary and conclusions

- ⇒ Diversified and good recognized basic properties of coal tar allow you to compose the batch to distillation process for obtaining a coal tar pitches with assumed properties depending on the application
- ⇒ An important factor affecting the properties of the produced coal tar pitches is an appropriate choice of technological configuration of distillation process
- ⇒ Use of advanced physicochemical studies of thermal properties connected with model calculations give additional possibility of coal tar pitch parameters prediction
- ⇒ Unfortunately in Poland are not any installation for coal tar distillation for implementation results of our studies, in the past we had five factories of coal tar processing.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION



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